

GRAMMAR:

Let us learn Arabic words for she and her.

64 في: she. when you say هي (she) or هر) (her) show towards your left using the pointing of your left hand; as if that lady is on your left side.

To make the feminine gender of most of the nouns, just add at the end. For example:

భా భాగా Spoken Arabic భార్థి				
هِيَ مُسْلِمَة	\leftarrow	هُوَ مُسْلِم		
هِيَ مُؤُمِنَة	\leftarrow	هُوَ مُؤَمِن		
هِيَ صَالِحَة	\leftarrow	هُوَ صَالِح		

Singular Feminine		Singular Masculine
مُسُلِمَة	←	مُسْلِم
مُؤُمِنَة	←	مُؤُمِن
صَالِحَة	←	صَالِح
صَابِرَة	←	صَابِر
شَاكِرَة	←	شَاكِر

اهُـ: her. (this word comes always in the last).

Memory tip: After any Sahabi's (companion of the Prophet ﷺ) names, we generally use رَضِيَ الله عَنْهُ) names, we generally use رَضِيَ الله عَنْهَا) (may Allah be pleased with him). Similarly, for a woman of that group, we use رَضِيَ الله عَنْهَا). For example, اَبُوبَكُر رَضِيَ الله عَنْهُ، عَابِشَة رَضِيَ الله عَنْهَا وَالله عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ عَنْهُ الله عَنْهُ عُنْهُ عَنْهُ عَ



Feminine forms		
her Lord	رَبُّهَا	
her way of life	دِينُهَا	
her book	كِتَابُهَا	

Plural Feminine: The rule for making their plurals is to replace ف with ن at the end. There are other rules as well that you will study later.

Plural Feminine		Singular Feminine
مُسَلِمَات	←	مُسْلِمَة
مُؤُمِنَات	←	مُؤُمِنَة
صَالِحَات	←	صَالِحَة